

## AOT AG Successfully Completes All Surgeries Required for the First-In-Man Clinical Study of the CARLO® Device for Laser-Assisted Cutting of Human Bone

- CE marking is expected for 2020
- Submission at the FDA is expected for early 2021

Basel, Switzerland, June 22, 2020

On June 19, 2020, the Swiss Medtech company Advanced Osteotomy Tools (AOT) successfully completed the last surgery required for the first-in-man clinical study of its proprietary CARLO® device. The aim of the study was to demonstrate the performance and safety of the system. CARLO® (Cold Ablation Robot-guided Laser Osteotome) is a surgical robotic platform, which is used to cut bones through cold laser ablation – i.e. without conventional surgical tools. CARLO® was used for the first time in July 2019 at the University Hospital in Basel, Switzerland. Since then, laser osteotomies have been used as part of a clinical study during the surgeries of 28 patients at the University Hospital Basel, the Medical University of Vienna (AKH Wien) and the University Hospital Hamburg-Eppendorf. With the successful completion of the clinical study, AOT aims to achieve a CE marking for its device before the end of the year. The submission of the relevant documentation to the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is expected for early 2021.

AOT AG, headquartered in Basel, Switzerland, is the first company worldwide to develop a surgical robotic platform, which is able to cut bones using so-called cold laser ablation. The platform – named CARLO® (Cold Ablation Robot-guided Laser Osteotome) – uses preplanned cutting patterns and a digital workflow to perform osteotomies precisely and completely contactless via laser. The advantages of laser osteotomy over conventional surgical tools such as saws, drills or mills include arbitrary cutting geometry and patient safety: CARLO® can be stopped immediately with the speed of light and can be removed effortlessly, as no mechanical components, which can vibrate or even deform under load, are utilized. Therefore, the device can be safely and universally applied for all types of bone cuts.

In July 2019, CARLO® was successfully used for the first time during a transoral midface osteotomy. This surgery also marked the start of the clinical first-in-man study, which had the



goal of confirming the performance and safety of the technology in a clinical context. The University Hospital Basel, the Medical University of Vienna (AKH Wien) and the University Hospital Hamburg-Eppendorf participated in the study, during which 28 surgeries were performed using CARLO<sup>®</sup>. Due to a delay caused by the COVID-19 crisis, the last surgery took place on June 19, 2020. The preliminary findings of the study are impressive already: The freely definable cutting patterns allow for alternative surgical techniques, which protect bone structures and accelerate the healing process.

"For us, as team of the Department of Maxillofacial Surgery at the Medical University of Vienna, it was both very important and an honour to participate in an impressive chapter of innovative intraoperative surgical technology. With success and confidence, we were able to use the CARLO technology on a patient collective with skeletal dysgnathia of varying degrees of severity, with very satisfactory results for us as surgeons as well as for our patients. The future of 'Cold Ablation Robot-guided Laser Osteotomy' will lie in the high precision and the individually designable cutting patterns. The successful first-in-man study has opened the door for this," says Ass. Prof. Dr. Gabriele A. Millesi, President of the International Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery (IAOMS).

The full, final report of the findings is currently being compiled. Based on this report, AOT is aiming to achieve a CE marking for CARLO® before the end of the year, which enables the company to market and sell its technology in Europe. In early 2021, AOT also plans to submit all relevant documentation to the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as part of the so-called De Novo process. In addition to facial surgery, AOT is also currently testing other areas of application for the CARLO® technology, for example in the fields of spinal surgery and neurosurgery, with further areas of indication planned. In addition, the further technical development of the technology is being advanced as well: The three current focus areas of R&D are more powerful lasers, the cutting of skin tissue and the use of artificial intelligence for real-time analysis of diseased and healthy bone tissue during the cutting process.

"The successful completion of the first-in-man study is a big success for us. We were able to show the enormous potential of contactless, robotic surgery based on laser technology and the improvements it offers for patients. This brings us one large step closer to our next milestone – achieving a CE marking", says Cyrill Bätscher, CEO of AOT AG.



## About AOT

AOT has developed a new technology to reinvent bone surgery by means of robot-assisted 'cold' photoablation. The product of the company based in Basel, Switzerland, is called CARLO<sup>®</sup>. Recently, the company has successfully completed a first-in-man clinical study as a basis for the CE marking of its technology. The company was founded by Dr. Alfredo E. Bruno, Prof. Philippe Cattin, Prof. Philipp Jürgens and Prof. Hans-Florian Zeilhofer. For more information, please visit www.aot.swiss.

## About CARLO®

CARLO® stands for 'Cold Ablation Robot-guided Laser Osteotome'. 'Cold' ablation describes the approach of ablating bone layer-by-layer via laser. In contrast, during conventional surgical procedures, bones are cut in one step, creating microstructural damage, heat and debris. The advantage of the newly developed approach is bone does not overheat and its microstructure remains intact and viable, enabling accelerated healing.

To accomplish this, the laser is mounted on a tactile robotic arm, which has been designed specifically for medical use. The device allows the surgeon to perform osteotomies with unprecedented precision and arbitrary patient-specific configurations, which are not achievable with conventional surgical tools.

Further information about the first-in-man use of the technology at the University Hospital Basel can be found <u>here</u>. Further information about the clinical study can be found <u>here</u>.

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